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A. Effective on and after October 1, 1990, all NFs subject to the prospective payment system shall be reimbursed under a revised formula entitled "The Patient Intensity Rating System (PIRS)." PIRS is a patient based methodology which links NFs per diem rates to the intensity of services required by a NFs patient mix. Three classes were developed which group patients together based on similar functional characteristics and service needs.

1. Any NF receiving Medicaid payments on or after October 1, 1990, shall satisfy all the requirements of §1919(b) through (d) of the Social Security Act as they relate to provision of services, residents' rights and administration and other matters.

2. Direct and indirect group ceilings and rates.

a. In accordance with 12VAC30-90-20 C, direct patient care operating cost peer groups shall be established for the Virginia portion of the Washington DC-MD-VA MSA, the Richmond-Petersburg MSA and the rest of the state. Direct patient care operating costs shall be as defined in 12VAC30-90-271.

b. Effective July 1, 2001, indirect patient care operating cost peer groups shall be established for the Virginia portion of the Washington DC-MD-VA MSA, for the rest of the state for facilities with less than 61 licensed beds, and for the rest of the state for facilities with more than 60 licensed beds.

3. Each NFs Service Intensity Index (SII) shall be calculated for each semiannual period of a NFs fiscal year based upon data reported by that NF and entered into DMAS' Long Term Care Information System (LTCIS). Data will be reported on the multidimensional assessment form prescribed by DMAS (now DMAS-80) at the time of admission and then twice a year for every Medicaid recipient in a NF. The NFs SII, derived from the assessment data, will be normalized by dividing it by the average for all NFs in the state.

Effective July 1, 2002, in the event that the Resource Utilization Groups (RUGs)

methodology does not become operative by July 1, 2002, DMAS shall have the authority

to use the most recently recorded PIRS data to determine NF payment rates. In the event

a NF becomes an enrolled provider on or after July 1, 2002, its SII score will be

established equal to that of the average SII score for their peer group.

See 2VAC30-90-300 for the PIRS class structure, the relative resource cost assigned to each class, the method of computing each NFs facility score and the methodology of computing the NFs semiannual SIIs.

4. The normalized SII shall be used to calculate the direct patient care operating cost prospective ceilings and direct patient care operating cost prospective rates for each semiannual period of a NFs subsequent fiscal years.

a. A NFs direct patient care operating cost prospective ceiling shall be the product of the NFs peer group direct patient care ceiling and the NFs normalized SII for the previous semiannual period. A NFs direct patient care operating cost prospective ceiling will be calculated semiannually.

b. An SII rate adjustment, if any, shall be applied to a NFs prospective direct patient care operating cost base rate for each semiannual period of a NFs fiscal year. The SII determined in the second semiannual period of the previous fiscal year shall be divided by the average of the previous fiscal year's SIIs to determine the SII rate adjustment, if any, to the first semiannual period of the subsequent fiscal year's prospective direct patient care operating cost base rate. The SII determined in the first semiannual period of the subsequent fiscal year shall be divided by the average of the previous fiscal year's SIIs to determine the SII rate adjustment, if any, to the second semiannual period of the subsequent fiscal year's prospective direct patient care operating cost base rate.

c. See 12VAC30-90-300 for an illustration of how the SII is used to adjust direct patient care operating ceilings and the semiannual rate adjustments to the prospective direct patient care operating cost base rate.

5. Effective for services on and after July 1, 2001, the following changes shall be made to the direct and indirect payment methods.

a. The direct patient care operating ceiling shall be set at 112% of the median of facility specific direct cost per day. The calculation of the median shall be based on cost reports from freestanding nursing homes for provider fiscal years ending in calendar year 1998. The median used to set the direct ceiling shall be revised every two years using more recent data. In addition, for ceilings effective during July 1, 2000, through June 30, 2002, the ceiling calculated as described herein shall be increased by two per diem amounts. The first per diem amount shall equal \$21,716,649, increased for inflation from SFY 2000 to SFY 2001, divided by Medicaid days in SFY 2000. The second per diem amount shall equal \$1,400,000 divided by Medicaid days in SFY 2000. When this ceiling calculation is completed for services after June 30, 2002, the per diem amount related to the amount of \$21,716,649 shall not be added.

b. Facility specific direct cost per day amounts used to calculate direct reimbursement rates for dates of service on and after July 1, 2000, shall be increased by the two per diem amounts described in subdivision 5 a of this subsection. However, the per diem related to the amount of \$21,716,649 shall be included only in proportion to the number of calendar days in the provider fiscal year the data are taken from that do not fall after July 1, 1999. That is, for a cost report from a provider fiscal year ending December 31, 1999, the specified increase would apply to about half of the year.

c. The indirect patient care operating ceiling shall be set at 106.9% of the median of facility specific indirect cost per day. The calculation of the median shall be based on cost

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reports from freestanding nursing homes for provider fiscal years ending in calendar year 1998.

B. The allowance for inflation shall be based on the percentage of change in the moving average of the Skilled Nursing Facility Market Basket of Routine Service Costs, as developed by Data Resources, Incorporated, adjusted for Virginia, determined in the quarter in which the NFs most recent fiscal year ended. NFs shall have their prospective operating cost ceilings and prospective operating cost rates established in accordance with the following methodology:

1. The initial peer group ceilings established under this section shall be the final peer group ceilings for a NF's first full or partial cost reporting fiscal year under PIRS. Peer group ceilings for subsequent fiscal years shall be calculated by use of the adjusted medians determined at June 30, 2000, for direct and indirect cost. These adjusted medians shall be considered the final interim ceilings for subsequent fiscal years. The final interim ceilings determined above shall be adjusted by adding 100% of historical inflation from June 30, 2000, to the beginning of the NFs next fiscal year to obtain the new "interim" ceilings, and 50% of the forecasted inflation to the end of the NFs next fiscal year.

2. A NFs average allowable operating cost rates, as determined from its most recent fiscal year's cost report, shall be adjusted by 50% of historical inflation and 50% of the forecasted inflation to calculate its prospective operating cost base rates.

C. The PIRS method shall still require comparison of the prospective operating cost rates to the prospective operating ceilings. The provider shall be reimbursed the lower of the prospective operating cost rates or prospective operating ceilings.

D. Nonoperating costs. Plant or capital, as appropriate, costs shall be reimbursed in accordance with Articles 1, 2, and 3 of this subpart. Plant costs shall not include the component of cost related to making or producing a supply or service.

NATCEPs cost shall be reimbursed in accordance with 12VAC30-90-170.

E. The prospective rate for each NF shall be based upon operating cost and plant/capital cost components or charges, whichever is lower, plus NATCEPs costs. The disallowance of nonreimbursable operating costs in any current fiscal year shall be reflected in a subsequent year's prospective rate determination. Disallowances of nonreimbursable plant or capital, as appropriate, costs and NATCEPs costs shall be reflected in the year in which the nonreimbursable costs are included.

F. Effective July 1, 2001, for those NFs whose indirect operating cost rates are below the ceilings, an incentive plan shall be established whereby a NF shall be paid, on a sliding scale, up to 25% of the difference between its allowable indirect operating cost rates and the indirect peer group ceilings.

1. The following table presents four incentive examples:

Peer	Allowable						
Group	Cost	% of Sliding					
Ceilings	Per Day	Difference	Ceiling	g Scale	Difference		
\$30.00	\$27.00	\$3.00	10%	\$0.30	10%		

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30.00	22.50	7.50	25%	1.88	25%
30.00	20.00	10.00	33%	2.50	25%
30.00	30.00	0	0		

2. Efficiency incentives shall be calculated only for the indirect patient care operating ceilings and costs. Effective July 1, 2001, a direct care efficiency incentive shall no longer be paid.

G. Quality of care requirement. A cost efficiency incentive shall not be paid to a NF for the prorated period of time that it is not in conformance with substantive, nonwaived life, safety, or quality of care standards.

H. Sale of facility. In the event of the sale of a NF, the prospective base operating cost rates for the new owner's first fiscal period shall be the seller's prospective base operating cost rates before the sale.

I. Public notice. To comply with the requirements of \$1902(a)(28)(c) of the Social Security Act, DMAS shall make available to the public the data and methodology used in establishing Medicaid payment rates for nursing facilities. Copies may be obtained by request under the existing procedures of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act.